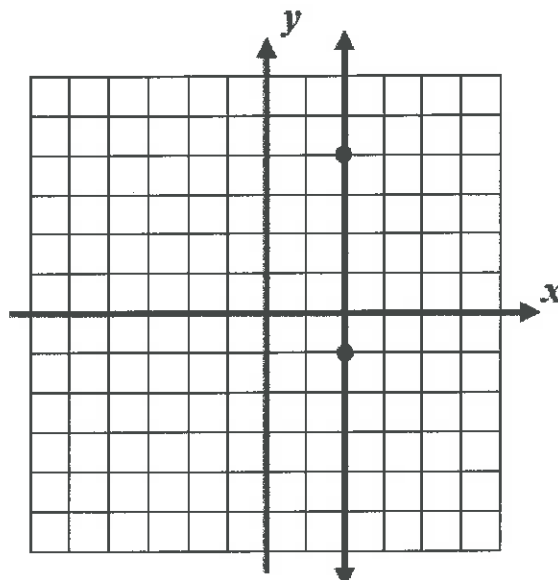
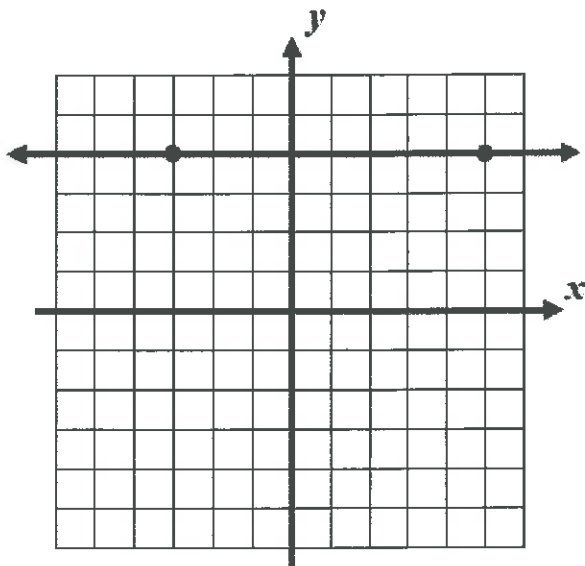


### HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LINES

Although they don't fit the classic linear model, it is important to understand how we write equations for **horizontal and vertical lines**. The first exercise will illustrate the idea.

**Exercise #1:** Shown below are a horizontal line and a vertical line.



#### HORIZONTAL LINE

Write down two coordinate points:

$(-3, 4)$  &  $(5, 4)$

What do they share in common?

the y value.

What is this line's equation?

$$y = 4$$

#### VERTICAL LINE

Write down two coordinate points:

$(2, 4)$  and  $(2, -1)$

What do they share in common?

the x value

What is this line's equation?

$$x = 2$$

#### HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LINES

**Horizontal Line:**  $y = \text{constant}$

**Vertical Line:**  $x = \text{constant}$

(Constants can be determined by using any point the line passes through)

**Exercise #2:** Which of the following equations represents a vertical line that passes through the point  $(5, -3)$ ?

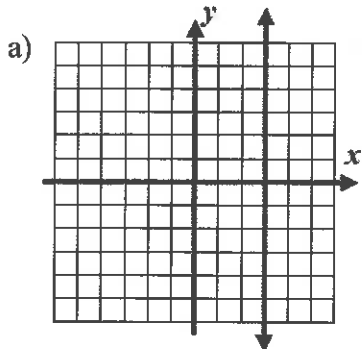
(1)  $y = -3$

(3)  $y = -3x + 5$

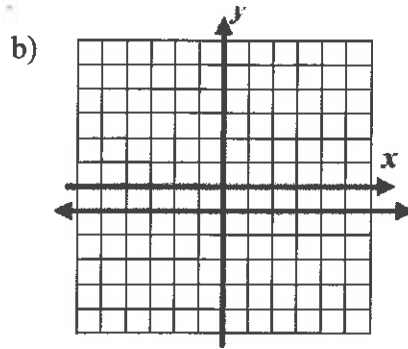
(2)  $x = 5$

(4)  $y = 5x - 3$

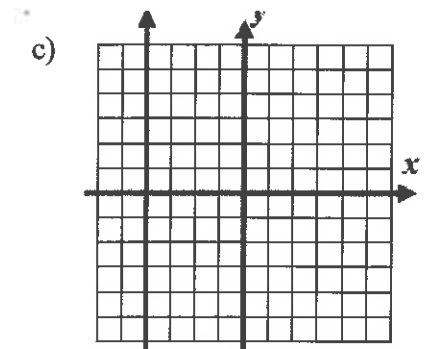
**Exercise #3:** For each of the following, give the equation of the line shown or described.



EQUATION:  $x = 3$



EQUATION:  $y = -1$



EQUATION:  $x = -4$

**Exercise #4:** Graph each of the following.

$y = 2x - 4$

$m = 2$   $y \text{ int} = -4$

$x = -1$

$y = 2$

