Geometry R - Mrs. Cowen
Name: $\qquad$
Unit 3 - Day 1 HW v2

Date: $\qquad$

1. Write the definition or Theorem (informally):
a. Right Angle: $\qquad$
b. Right Angle Theorem: $\qquad$
c. Segment Bisector: $\qquad$
2. Explain why the statement is FALSE based on the provided picture. Write the negation of the statement.
a. Statement: B is the midpoint of $\overline{C A}$.
b. Statement: $\overline{P R}$ does not bisect $\angle S R T$


FALSE because $\qquad$
Negation: $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ FALSE because $\qquad$
Negation: $\qquad$
c. Statement: $\angle G$ is not congruent to $\angle H$.
d. Statement: $\angle J K L$ and $\angle M K L$ are supplementary.


Negation: $\qquad$
FALSE because $\qquad$
Negation: $\qquad$
3. Write a statement that is logically equivalent to the following conditional:
"If two angles are congruent, then they have the same measure."
4. After each statement write Converse, Inverse, Contra-positive, or None based on the given conditional. Circle the statement that is logically equivalent to the given conditional.
"If an angle is obtuse, then it is not $90^{\circ} . "$
a. If an angle is not obtuse, then it is $90^{\circ}$. $\qquad$
b. If an angle is not obtuse, then it is not $90^{\circ}$. $\qquad$
c. If an angle is $90^{\circ}$, then it is not obtuse. $\qquad$
d. If an angle is not $90^{\circ}$, then it is obtuse. $\qquad$
5. Re-write the bi-conditional as two separate conditional statements:
"An angle is straight if and only if its measure is $180^{\circ}$."

Conditional \#1: $\qquad$

Conditional \#2: $\qquad$
6. Write the Converse of each true conditional statement. If the converse is also true, combine the two statements into a single bi-conditional statement. If the converse is false, give an example to demonstrate that it is false.
a. If two lines are perpendicular, then they intersect at a $90^{\circ}$ angle.

Converse: $\qquad$

Bi-Conditional or False example:
b. If two angles are adjacent, then they have the same vertex.

Converse: $\qquad$
Bi-Conditional or False Example:

Write the definition of each as a formal bi-conditional (...if and only if...)
17. Right Angle: $\qquad$
18. Midpoint: $\qquad$
19. Adjacent Angles:

