

Basic Two-Column Proofs 1-2-1 Activity

Directions: Complete 1 proof as a group, 2 proofs as a pair, and 1 proof individually.

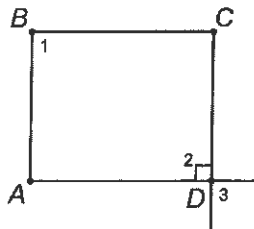
Remember to look for your basic geometry “Tools”:

1. Intersecting lines → Vertical angles & Supplementary Angles
2. Midpoints & Segment Bisectors → the “Rain-Bo Connection”
3. Angle Bisectors
4. Properties of Equality → Transitive & Reflexive

Also...the better you know your definitions & theorems, the better you will be at proofs!

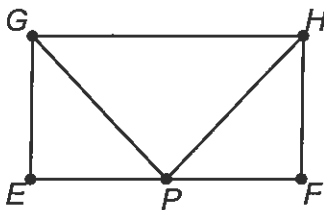
“One does not speak fluently by looking up every word”

1. Given: $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CB}$
 $\angle 2$ is a right angle
Prove: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$



Statements	Reasons
1. $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CB}$	1. Given
2. $\angle 1$ is a right angle	2. \perp lines form right \angle s
3. $\angle 2$ is a right angle	3. Given
4. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$	4. All right \angle s are \cong
5. $\angle 2$ vertical $\angle 3$	5. The non-adj \angle s formed by intersecting lines are vertical
6. $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$	6. vertical \angle s are \cong
7. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$	7. Transitive.

2. Given: \overline{HP} bisects \overline{EF} at P
 $\overline{GE} \cong \overline{EP}$
Prove: $\overline{GE} \cong \overline{FP}$
Hint: “Rain-Bo” connection



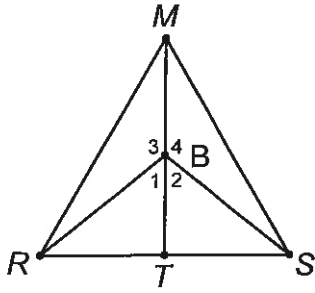
1. \overline{HP} bis \overline{EF} at P	1. given
2. P is midpt \overline{EF}	2. seg bis passes thru midpt
3. $\overline{EP} \cong \overline{FP}$	3. midpt \div seg into 2 \cong seg.
4. $\overline{GE} \cong \overline{EP}$	4. given
5. $\overline{GE} \cong \overline{FP}$	5. Transitive

3. Given: \overline{MBT}

\overline{MT} bisects $\angle RBS$

Prove: $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$

Hint: Identify and use supp angles.

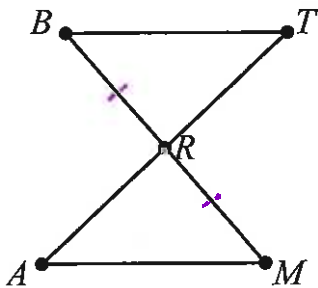


1. \overline{MBT}
2. $\angle 1$ supp $\angle 3$
 $\angle 2$ supp $\angle 4$
3. \overline{MT} bis $\angle RBS$
4. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$
5. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$

1. Given
2. Adj \angle s formed by intersecting lines are supp
3. Given
4. \angle bis \div \angle into 2 \cong \angle s
5. Supp to \cong \angle s are \cong

4. Given: R is the midpoint of \overline{MB}
 $\overline{BT} \cong \overline{MR}$

Prove: $\overline{BR} \cong \overline{BT}$
Sorry, no hint here.



1. R is midpt \overline{MB}
2. $\overline{BR} \cong \overline{MR}$
3. $\overline{BT} \cong \overline{MR}$
4. $\overline{BR} \cong \overline{BT}$

1. Given
2. midpt \div seg into 2 \cong seg
3. Given
4. Transitive.